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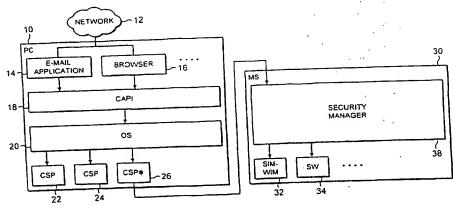
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(54) Title: SECURITY SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: A communications device, which has a cryptographic module for use in mobile communications, can be used as a cryptographic services provider. For example, the device may be a device which can operate under the Wireless Application Protocol, that is, a WAP-enabled device, such as a mobile phone. This has the advantage that WAP-enabled devices include components which are used in public key/private key cryptographic systems as a part of their standard communication functions. These components therefore advantageously allow the device to be used as a cryptographic services provider. Advantageously, the device can use Wireless Transport Layer Security (WTLS) for mobile communications, and employs its cryptographic module when in use as a cryptographic services provider.

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SECURITY SYSTEM

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to computer systems, and in particular to the improvement of security in such systems. More specifically, the invention relates to a method for improving the security of communications, for example over a computer network, although it is also applicable to increasing the security of a computer system.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

US-5,689,565 describes a cryptography system architecture for a computer, which provides cryptographic functionality to support an application which requires cryptography. The cryptography system has a cryptographic application program interface (CAPI) which interfaces with the application to receive requests for cryptographic functions. The system further includes at least one cryptographic service provider (CSP) that is independent from, but dynamically accessible by, the CAPI. The CSP provides the cryptographic functionality and manages the secret cryptographic keys.

This system architecture is used in many applications in which data may desirably be transferred across unsecured computer networks such as the internet. For example, this architecture can be used in applications such as email clients, web browsers, etc. A similar architecture can be used for access control within a computer system, and for hard disc encryption.

US-6,038,551 describes a development of the architecture disclosed in US-5,689,565, in which the computer includes a card reader, and an integrated circuit card (IC card) stores the cryptographic keys used by the CSP in the computer, and can perform

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is taken to specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps or components but does not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, components or groups thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a block schematic diagram of a first system implementing the present invention.

Figure 2 is a flow chart showing the operation of the system of Figure 1.

Figure 3 is a flow chart showing in more detail a part of the operation illustrated in Figure 2.

Figure 4 is a block schematic diagram of a second system implementing the present invention.

Figure 5 is a block schematic diagram of a third system implementing the present invention.

Figure 6 is a flow chart showing the operation of the system of Figure 5.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Figure 1 is a block schematic diagram of a computer system, including a personal computer (PC) 10, only the relevant components of which are shown. It will be apparent that, in this embodiment of the invention, and in the other illustrated embodiments, any computer system can be used in exactly the same way as the PC 10.

The computer has a connection to an external network 12, for example through a modem (not shown). Of particular concern here is the situation where the computer 10 is connected to an unsecured network, such as the internet.

The computer 10 has various software applications which require external communication, such as an email application 14, and a web browser 16, which use Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and/or Transport Layer Security (TLS) security. In many cases, the information which

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Transport Layer Security (WTLS) can be used. This provides confidentiality for users, by encrypting messages which are transmitted over the wireless interface, and also provides authentication, by means of digital certificates.

In order to provide this WTLS functionality, the WAP-enabled device 30 includes a cryptographic module, which uses an embedded public key and private key on handshake for authentication, then generates symmetric session keys, which are used to encode messages before transmission and to decode received messages.

For example, the phone 30 may also include a Subscriber Identity Module - Wireless Identity Module (SIM-WIM) card 32, which is used to identify the subscriber, and can contain the cryptographic module. Alternatively, the cryptographic module can be realised in hardware or in software 34 in the phone 30, or may be provided on an external smart card. In order to access the cryptographic module, the MS 30 includes a security manager module 38. The operation of these devices will be explained further below.

In accordance with preferred embodiments of the present invention, the cryptographic module of the phone, and other features which are used to provide secure communication using the Wireless Application Protocol, also allow the phone 30 to be provide some or all of the functionality of a cryptography service provider.

In the case where the cryptographic module is embodied in hardware, the necessary information is provided on an integrated circuit in the device.

Where the Wireless Public Key Infrastructure (WPKI) is used to distribute the parameters for WTLS, it can also be used to distribute the parameters required for use as a cryptography service provider.

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provider and the MS are possible.

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Figure 2 is a flow chart showing a method by which the PC 10 can use the cryptographic functionality in the mobile phone 30.

The procedure starts with step 100, in which the application in the PC 10, such as the email application 14 or web browser 16 determines that cryptographic functionality is required, and sends a command to the CAPI 18. The cryptographic functionality which is required may for example be encryption, decryption, hash generation, message signing, verification, key generation, certificate management, or random number generation. Other types of cryptographic functionality which may be provided are described in the PKCS#11 standard mentioned above.

In step 102, the CAPI selects an appropriate CSP to provide the cryptography function. In this case, the CAPI selects the CSP* 26, which can access the cryptographic module in the MS 30.

In step 104, the CAPI 18 establishes communication with the selected CSP* 26, and the CSP* 26 establishes communications with the MS 30. As discussed above, the communications between the PC 10 and MS 30 can advantageously be over a Bluetooth short range radio link.

In step 106, the operating system (CS) 20 verifies the authenticity of the CSP*. It will be noted that this step may be unnecessary if the authenticity of the CSP* has already been established as part of an earlier process. As an alternative, this step can be carried out earlier in the process, and other changes in the order of the illustrated steps are also possible.

In step 108, a message is passed from the CAPI 18 via the CSP* 26 to the MS 30, with details of the cryptographic operation which is required.

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communication with the hard disc 52. Since the information which is stored on the hard disc may be confidential, the application restricts access thereto, so that only authorised persons can gain access to it.

As is conventional, therefore, the hard disc application 50 can call a cryptographic application program interface (CAPI) 18, which is provided on top of the operating system (OS) 20.

As is also conventional, the cryptographic application program interface (CAPI) 18 can access one or more cryptography service providers (CSPs) 22, 24.

Different cryptography service providers (CSPs) may, for example, use different cryptographic algorithms, and may be used for different purposes.

In accordance with the present invention, as described in more detail with reference to Figures 1-3, some or all of the functionality of a cryptography service provider is available on a separate device, namely a mobile station (MS) 30, and the CSP* 26 can call the required functionality from the MS 30.

The mobile station may be exactly as described with reference to Figures 1 and 3 above.

Figure 5 shows a further alternative system in accordance with the invention.

Again, the computer system is described with reference to a personal computer (PC) 60, but it will be apparent that any computer system can be used in exactly the same way as the PC 60.

The computer has a connection to an external network 12, for example through a modem (not shown) to an unsecured network, such as the internet.

The computer 60 has various software applications which require external communication, such as an email application 14, and a web browser 16, which use Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and/or Transport Layer Security

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the Bluetooth short-range radio transmission protocol, although an infrared connection is also possible. The protocol for the connection can for example be based on AT commands, and provides security for those communications. The command set is advantageously a version of the command set defined in a standard such as PKCS#11, described in the document "PKCS#11 v2.10: Cryptographic Token Interface Standard", published by RSA Security Inc. and incorporated herein by reference,

where the commands are redefined as AT commands.

Figure 6 is a flow chart showing a method by which
the PC 60 can use the cryptographic functionality in
the mobile phone 30.

The procedure starts with step 160, in which the application in the PC 60, such as the email application 14 or web browser 16 determines that cryptographic functionality is required, and sends a command to the PKCS#11 interface 70. The cryptographic functionality which is required may for example be encryption, decryption, hash generation, message signing, verification, key generation, certificate management or random number generation.

In step 162, the PKCS#11 interface 70 selects an appropriate CT to provide the cryptography function. In this case, the PKCS#11 interface 70 selects the CT* 76, which can access the cryptographic module in the MS 30.

In step 164, the PKCS#11 interface 70 establishes communication between the application and the selected CT* 76, and the CT* 76 establishes communications with the MS 30. As discussed above, the communications between the PC 60 and MS 30 can advantageously be over a Bluetooth short range radio link.

In step 166, a message is passed from the PKCS#11 interface 70 to the MS 30, calling the cryptographic

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CLAIMS

- 1. A method of encrypting communications from a computer having an application program interface, the method comprising using a mobile communications device, which includes a cryptographic module for use in mobile communication, as a cryptographic service provider.
- 2. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the mobile communications device is a WAP-enabled device.
- 3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the cryptographic module is that used by the mobile communications device for Wireless Transport Layer Security communications.
- 4. A method as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3, comprising providing a wired connection between the mobile communications device and the computer.
- 5. A method as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3, comprising providing a wireless connection between the mobile communications device and the computer.
- 6. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5, comprising:

when the application program interface requires cryptographic functionality, calling a cryptographic service provider function in the mobile communications device.

- 7. A mobile communications device, comprising a cryptographic module, the cryptographic module being usable:
- (a) for encoding wireless communications from the device;
- (b) in a cryptographic service provider with an application program interface of a remote computer.
- 8. A mobile communications device as claimed in claim 7, having a short-range wireless communications transceiver, for sending signals to and receiving signals from the remote computer.

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to said command.

- 19. A module for a personal computer, wherein, in response to the module receiving a first command from a cryptographic application program interface, indicating that it requires cryptographic functionality, the module sends a second command to a mobile communication device, such that the mobile communications device acts as a cryptographic service provider for said personal computer.
- 20. A method of encrypting computer communications, the method comprising using a separate mobile communications device, which includes a cryptographic module for use in mobile communication, as a cryptographic service provider.
 - 21. A method as claimed in claim 20, wherein the mobile communications device is a WAP-enabled device.
 - 22. A method as claimed in claim 20 or 21, wherein the cryptographic module is that used by the mobile communications device for Wireless Transport Layer Security communications.
 - 23. A method as claimed in claim 20, 21 or 22, comprising providing a wireless connection between the mobile communications device and the computer.
 - 24. A computer system, comprising:
- a computer; and
 - a mobile communications device, including a cryptographic module,

the computer having at least one application which requires cryptographic functionality,

a first part of the required cryptographic functionality being provided in the computer, and a second part of the required cryptographic functionality being provided in the mobile communications device,

the computer and the mobile communications device having means for establishing a secure communications

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device.

- 32. A method as claimed in claim 28, comprising using a cryptographic module realised in hardware in the mobile communications device.
- 33. A method as claimed in claim 28, comprising using a cryptographic module realised in software in the mobile communications device.
- 34. A method as claimed in claim 28, comprising using a cryptographic module provided on an external smart card which can be read by the mobile communications device.
- 35. A method as claimed in claim 28, comprising using a cryptographic module a Wireless Identity Module (WIM) card in said mobile communications device.
- 36. A computer system for supporting an application, the computer system comprising:
 - a cryptographic application program interface; and a cryptography service provider,

wherein, when the cryptographic application program interface determines that the application requires cryptographic functionality, sends a command to the cryptography service provider, and

wherein the cryptography service provider has a communications link to a cryptographic module of a mobile communications device, the cryptographic module of the mobile communications device being usable to encrypt communications between the mobile communications device and a telecommunications network over a wireless interface, and

wherein the cryptography service provider can obtain the cryptographic functionality, required by the application, from the cryptographic module of the mobile communications device.

37. A system as claimed in claim 36, wherein the cryptographic module is realised in hardware in the

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mobile communications device further comprising a security manager module for receiving commands from a computer system over a second interface, wherein, in response to suitable commands received from the computer system over the second interface, the security manager module requests a cryptographic function from the cryptographic module, and returns the results of the cryptographic function to the computer system over the second interface.

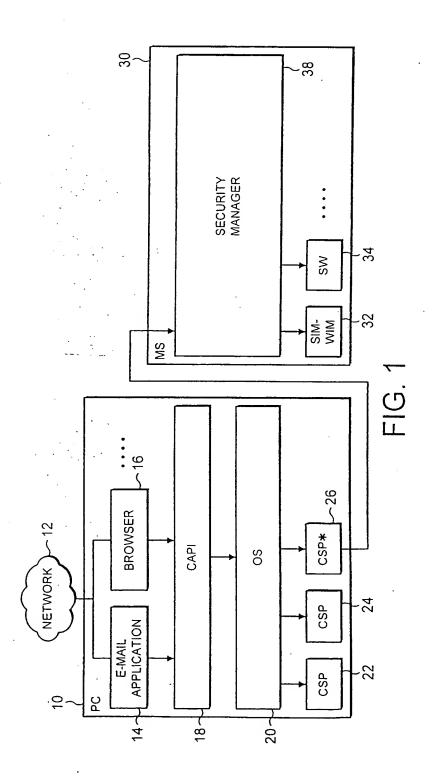
- 45. A mobile communications device as claimed in claim 44, wherein the security manager module responds to a command set defined in a standard PKCS#11, where the commands are redefined as AT commands.
- 46. A mobile communications device as claimed in claim 44, wherein the second interface is a Bluetooth short-range radio interface.
- 47. A module for a computer system, the module comprising:

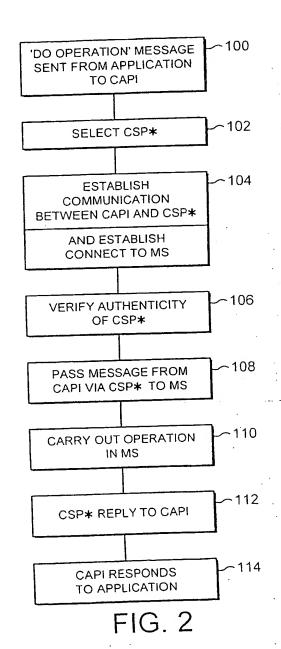
an application interface for connection to a computer application; and

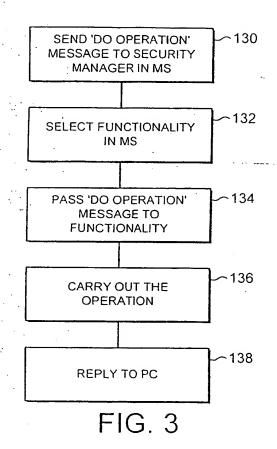
an external interface for connection to a mobile communication device containing a cryptographic module;

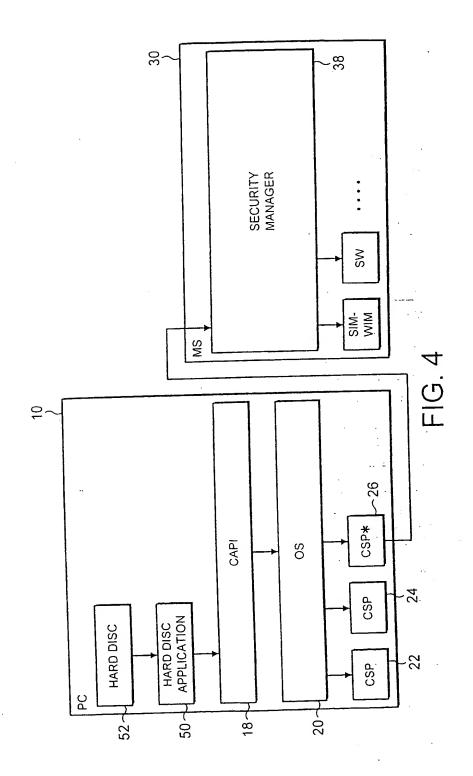
wherein, when the module receives from the application interface a request for a cryptographic function which the module is unable to provide, the module sends a command over the external interface to the mobile communications device to request the cryptographic function therefrom.

- 48. A module for a computer system as claimed in claim 47, wherein the module has some cryptographic functionality, and comprises means for determining in response to a request from the application interface whether it is able to provide the requested function cryptographic function.
 - 49. A module for a computer system as claimed in





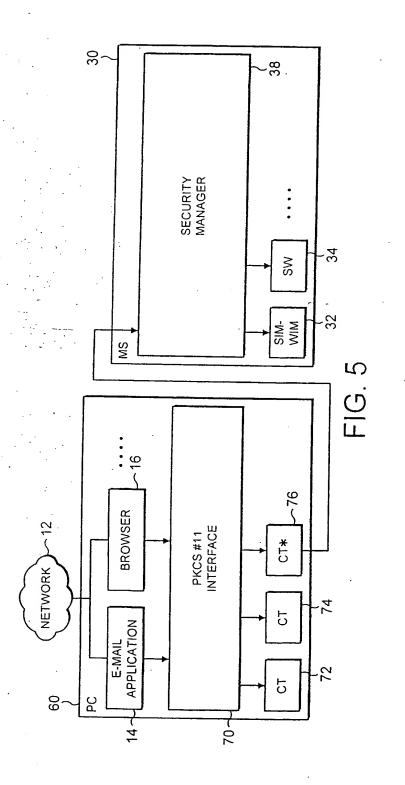


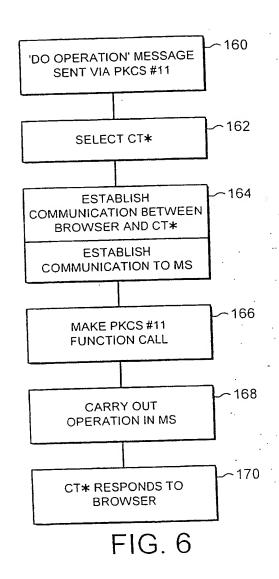


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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification and IPC Decumentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO—Internal C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages A WO 00 02406 A (NOKIA NETWORKS OY; EKBERG JAN ERIK (FI)) 13 January 2000 (2000-01-13) page 2, line 2 - page 3, line 4 A WO 00 20972 A L 3 COMM CORP) 13 April 2000 (2000-04-13) abstract; claim 1 A US 5 878 142 A (AMORUSO VICTOR P ET AL) 2 March 1999 (1999-03-02) Column 2, line 21 - line 54 Patent family members are listed in the continuation of box C. X Patent family members are listed and an annex. 11 later document published after the international filing date considered to be of particular relevance. 12 later document up believed on or after the international liting date considered to be of particular relevance in considered to be of particular relevance in the publication date of an other invention. 13 Later document up believed and the publication date of another invention invention in considered in the considered to revolve an expension invention in considered invention in the considered invention in the publication date of another invention in the principle or invention invention in the considered invention in the principle or invention invention invention in the considered in the considered invention in the principle or invention invention invention in the principle or invention invention invention in the principle or invention invention invention in	A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER 1PC 7 H04L29/06 H04Q7/38	
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Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. A WO 00 02406 A (NOKIA NETWORKS OY; EKBERG 1-50 JAN ERIK (FI)) 13 January 2000 (2000-01-13) page 2, line 21 -page 3, line 4 A WO 00 20972 A (L 3 COMM CORP) 13 April 2000 (2000-04-13) abstract; claim 1 A US 5 878 142 A (AMORUSO VICTOR P ET AL) 2 March 1999 (1999-03-02) column 2, line 21 - line 54 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. *Special categories of cited documents: 'A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance 'c' earlar occument by published on or after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but is ling date or particular relevance; the claimed inventor in both and inventor particular relevance; the claimed inventor is latered to encodered to be considered to be considered to be considered to low to each inventor. To later document upublished after the International filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but is ling date or priority date and not in conflict or international filing date or priority date and not in conflict or international filing date or priority date and not in conflict or international filing date or priority date and not in conflict or international filing date or priority date and not in conflict or international filing date or priority date and not in conflict or considered to be or particular relevance; the claimed inventor. **Cocument to published on or after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict or considered to be	in the supportation	to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. A W0 00 02406 A (NOKIA NETWORKS OY; EKBERG 1–50 JAN ERIK (FI)) 13 January 2000 (2000–01–13) page 2, line 21 -page 3, line 4 A W0 00 20972 A (L 3 COMM CORP) 13 April 2000 (2000–04–13) abstract; claim 1 A US 5 878 142 A (AMORUSO VICTOR P ET AL) 2 March 1999 (1999–03–02) column 2, line 21 - line 54 **Special categories of cited documents: 'A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance; he claimed the international filing date 'It' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance; he claimed throughout the course of the claimed invention are lined to an other throughout the considered to be considered to be of particular relevance; he claimed (invention as to excurse the patients) and the course of particular relevance; he claimed (invention to the course) as it works an inventive step when the document to particular relevance; he claimed (invention to be considered to particular relevance; he claimed (invention to particular relevance); he claime		
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cliation or other special reason (as specified) 'O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means 'P' document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed Date of the actual completion of the international search 26 July 2002 cannot be considered to involve all more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. ** document member of the same patent family Date of mailing of the international search report 05/08/2002	 'A' document defining the general state of the art which is considered to be of particular relevance 'E' earlier document but published on or after the internatiling date 'L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s which is cited to establish the publication date of ano citation or other special reason (as specified) 'O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibit other means 'P' document published prior to the international filing dataer than the priority date claimed 	or priority date and not in continct with the application cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention itional 'X' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone 'Y' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. '&' document member of the same patent family Date of malling of the International search report
Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Veen, G	Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Pater	ntiaan 2

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Information on patent family members

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